Calculation of benefit of replacing IE3 motor with IE3+ motor (15 kW, 18000 rpm) for USA

1. Price of 1 kWh of active power in USA in $: $Ca_{usa} = 0.15$ $/kWh.

2. Duration of motor operation in hours per year (8 hours per day, 288 days per year): t_{work}= 2304 hours.

3. Motor efficiency of IE3+: η_{ie3+}= 0.928.

4. Standard motor efficiency of IE3: η_{ie3}= = 0.921.

5. Active power consumption by IE3+ and IE3 motors:

$$Pa_{ie3+} = \frac{P_{2n}}{\eta_{ie3+}} t_{work} = \frac{15}{0.928} \cdot 2304 = 37224 \text{ kWh},$$

$$Pa_{ie3} = \frac{P_{2n}}{\eta_{ie3}} t_{work} = \frac{15}{0.921} \cdot 2304 = 37524 \text{ kWh}.$$

6. Payment for consumed active power by IE3+ and IE3 motors:

$$pay_{ie3+} = Pa_{ie3+} \cdot Ca_{usa} = 5584 \text{ \$},$$

$$pay_{ie3} = Pa_{ie3} \cdot Ca_{usa} = 5629 \text{ \$}.$$

7. Benefit per year due to increased efficiency

$$E_{act} = pay_{ie3} - pay_{ie3+} = 45 \text{ \$}.$$

8. Power factor of the motor IE3+: $cos\ (\varphi) = 0.88$.

9. Power factor of an average IE3 motor: $Cos\ (\varphi)_{ie3} = 0.83$.

10. Payment for consumed reactive power by IE3+ and IE3 motors:

$$payr_{ie3+} = Ca_{usa}\left(\frac{0.9}{Cos\ (\varphi)} \cdot Pa_{ie3+} - Pa_{ie3+}\right) = 124 \text{ \$},$$

$$payr_{ie3} = Ca_{usa}\left(\frac{0.9}{Cos\ (\varphi)_{ie3}} \cdot Pa_{ie3} - Pa_{ie3}\right) = 475 \text{ \$}.$$

11. Benefit per year due to increased power factor:

$$E_{react} = payr_{ie3} - payr_{ie3+} = 351 \text{ \$}.$$

12. Benefits per year due to increased efficiency and increased power factor:

$$E_{act} = 45 \text{ \$}, \qquad E_{react} = 351 \text{ \$}.$$

13. Total benefit per year due to replacement of an average IE3 motor with an IE3+ motor:

$$E_{one\_year} = E_{act} + E_{react} = 396 \text{ \$}.$$